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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

[30Day-16-0997]

Agency Forms Undergoing Paperwork Reduction Act Review

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has submitted the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and approval in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. The notice for the proposed information collection is published to obtain comments from the public and affected agencies.

Written comments and suggestions from the public and affected agencies concerning the proposed collection of information are encouraged. Your comments should address any of the following: (a) Evaluate whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will have practical utility; (b) Evaluate the accuracy of the agencies estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including the validity of the methodology and assumptions used; (c) Enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; (d) Minimize the burden of

the collection of information on those who are to respond, including through the use of appropriate automated, electronic, mechanical, or other technological collection techniques or other forms of information technology, e.g., permitting electronic submission of responses; and (e) Assess information collection costs.

To request additional information on the proposed project or to obtain a copy of the information collection plan and instruments, call (404) 639-7570 or send an email to <a href="mailto:comb@cdc.gov">comb@cdc.gov</a>. Written comments and/or suggestions regarding the items contained in this notice should be directed to the Attention: CDC Desk Officer, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 or by fax to (202) 395-5806. Written comments should be received within 30 days of this notice.

## Proposed Project

Standardized National Hypothesis Generating Questionnaire (OMB Control No. 0920-0997, expires 10/31/2016) - Revision - National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases (NCEZID), Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

## Background and Brief Description

It is estimated that each year roughly 1 in 6 Americans gets sick, 128,000 are hospitalized, and 3,000 die of foodborne diseases. CDC and partners ensure rapid and coordinated surveillance, detection, and response to multistate outbreaks, to limit the number of illnesses, and to learn how to prevent similar outbreaks from happening in the future.

Conducting interviews during the initial hypothesisgenerating phase of multistate foodborne disease outbreaks
presents numerous challenges. In the U.S. there is not a
standard, national form or data collection system for illnesses
caused by many enteric pathogens. Data elements for hypothesis
generation must be developed and agreed upon for each
investigation. This process can take several days to weeks and
may cause interviews to occur long after a person becomes ill.

Using the Standardized National Hypothesis-Generating
Questionnaire (SNHGQ), CDC requests OMB approval to collect
standardized information from individuals who have become ill
during a multistate foodborne disease event. Since the
questionnaire is designed to be administered by public health
officials as part of multistate hypothesis-generating interview
activities, this questionnaire is not expected to entail
significant burden to respondents.

The Standardized National Hypothesis-Generating Core

Elements Project was established with the goal to define a core
set of data elements to be used for hypothesis generation during
multistate foodborne investigations. These elements represent
the minimum set of information that should be available for all
outbreak-associated cases identified during hypothesis
generation. The core elements would ensure that similar
exposures would be ascertained across many jurisdictions,
allowing for rapid pooling of data to improve the timeliness of
hypothesis-generating analyses and shorten the time to pinpoint
how and where contamination events occur.

The SNHGQ was designed as a data collection tool for the core elements, to be used when a multistate cluster of enteric disease infections is identified. The questionnaire is designed to be administered over the phone by public health officials to collect core elements data from case-patients or their proxies. Both the content of the questionnaire (the core elements) and the format were developed through a series of working groups comprised of local, state, and federal public health partners.

Many of the updates to the SNHGQ were made to better align with the questions from other existing questionnaires. Changes include: exposure sections rearranged to improve interview flow, addition of antibiotic exposures and descriptive clinical questions, aligning demographic questions to conform with other OMB-approved questionnaires, addition of new exposure questions of interest, deletion of exposure questions that do not need to be assessed, and re-wording of existing questions to better align with other OMB-approved questionnaires and to improve question comprehension.

The total estimated annualized burden for the Standardized National Generating Questionnaire is 3,000 hours (approximately 4,000 individuals identified during the hypothesis-generating phase of outbreak investigations x 45 minutes/response). There are no costs to respondents other than their time.

## Estimated Annualized Burden Hours

Type of respondents	Form Name	No. of Respondents	No. of Responses per Respondent	Avg. Burden per Response (in hours)
Individuals	Standardized National Hypothesis Generating Questionnaire (Core Elements)	4,000	1	45/60

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Leroy A. Richardson

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Office of the Associate Director for Science Office of the Director

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

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